## TSCA NON-CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION	DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER	DALE RECEIVED
CAIR	190890000229	6-9-89

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TATE MATERIAL CUI

Polaroid Corporation 1265 Main Street Waltham, Massachusetts 02254

### **Polaroid**

6 June 1989

Document Processing Center Office of Toxic Substances (TS-790) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 M Street, SW Washington, D.C. 20460 © EPA-OTS

90-890000229

Jun -9 PN 2:53

Attention: CAIR Reporting Office

Dear Madam or Sir:

Attached is the Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting form for the chemical 2,4-Toluene diisocyanate (CAS 584-84-9) which had been processed for a commercial purpose during the 1988 fiscal and calendar year by Polaroid Corporation.

The attached form comprises only those parts of the form which contained the following questions required by the reporting rule of December 22. 1988:

Section 1	A11
Section 2	2.0409, 2.1116
Section 3	All
Section 4	4.0105
Section 5	All
Section 6	6.05
Section 7	7.01, 7.0306
Section 8	8.01, 8.0506, 8.23
Section 9	9.0115, 9.1920, 9.22
Section 10	10.0102, 10.05, 10.0816, 10.23

Sections and questions not required were omitted except for questions 2.10, 6.04, 8.22, 9.21, 9.23, 10.03-.04 and 10.24 which were not required, but on the same pages as required questions.

Please do not hesitate to contact me at (617)-684-3102 or the technical contact mentioned in the form if you have any questions concerning this submission.

Sincerely

POLAROID CORPORATION

Robert G. Brinkley

Office of Environmental Affairs

Attachment



Form Approved
OMB No. 2010-0019
Approval Expires 12-31-89

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule REPORTING FORM

When completed, send this form to:

Document Processing Center Office of Toxic Substances, TS-790 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 M Street, SW Washington, DC 20460 Attention: CAIR Reporting Office For Agency Use Only:

Date of Receipt: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Document
Control Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Docket Number: \_\_\_\_\_

1		
		SECTION 1 GENERAL MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER, AND PROCESSOR INFORMATION
PART	A 0	GENERAL REPORTING INFORMATION
1.01	Thi	s Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been
<u>CBI</u>	con	pleted in response to the <u>Federal Register Notice of <math>[\frac{1}{1}]\frac{2}{0}</math> <math>[\frac{2}{2}]\frac{2}{0}</math> <math>[\frac{8}{8}]\frac{8}{0}</math></u>
[_]	a.	If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal
		Register, list the CAS No $[0]0]0]0]5]8]4]-[8]4]-[8]4]-[9]$
	b.	If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , list either (i) the chemical name, (ii) the mixture name, or (iii) the trade name of the chemical substance as provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> .
		(i) Chemical name as listed in the rule
		(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule
		(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule
	c.	If a chemical category is provided in the Federal Register, report the name of the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category.
		Name of category as listed in the rule
		CAS No. of chemical substance [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]-[_]
		Name of chemical substance
1.02	Ide	ntify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s).
CBI	Man	ufacturer
[_]	Imp	orter
	Pro	cessor
	X/P	manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor
	X/P	processor reporting for customer who is a processor

	this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	
[] nark (x)	this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	
	3	

1.03 CBI		s the substance you are reporting on have an "x/p" designation associated with it the above-listed <u>Federal</u> <u>Register</u> Notice?
1.04 <u>CBI</u> [_]		Do you manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and distribute it under a trade name(s) different than that listed in the Federal Register Notice? Circle the appropriate response.  Yes
1.05 <u>CBI</u> []	Trac Is t	rou buy a trade name product and are reporting because you were notified of your orting requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trade name.  Le name
CBI	sign "I h ente	ification The person who is responsible for the completion of this form must the certification statement below:  ereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all information red on this form is complete and accurate."  Cobort T. Hawes  NAME  SIGNATURE  DATE SIGNED  DIVISION Envir Engineer (617) 684 - \$337  TITLE  TELEPHONE NO.
	ark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

31		If you have amounted BDA and	L., <b>5</b> .
	within the past 3 years, and for the time period specified are required to complete sect	If you have provided EPA or anoth on a CAIR Reporting Form for the this information is current, accuring the rule, then sign the certiion 1 of this CAIR form and provide submitted. Provide a copy of ection 1 submission.	e listed substance urate, and complete lfication below. You
	THIOTHERIDII WILLII I DAVE DOT 1	e best of my knowledge and belief included in this CAIR Reporting F s and is current, accurate, and c	form had book subsides.
-	N/A		
	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED
_	TITLE	TELEPHONE NO.	DATE OF PREVIOUS SUBMISSION
be us	een, reasonably ascertainable sing legitimate means (other t	to protect the confidentiality onese measures; the information is by other persons (other than govern based on a showing	not, and has not ernment bodies) by
be us a ir vo	een, reasonably ascertainable sing legitimate means (other to judicial or quasi-judicial proformation is not publicly avauld cause substantial harm to	lese measures: the intormation ic	not, and has not ernment bodies) by of special need in onsent; the
be us a ir vo	een, reasonably ascertainable sing legitimate means (other to judicial or quasi-judicial proformation is not publicly available.	by other persons (other than government of the state of t	not, and has not ernment bodies) by of special need in onsent; the
be us a ir ve	een, reasonably ascertainable sing legitimate means (other to judicial or quasi-judicial proformation is not publicly availed cause substantial harm to	by other persons (other than government of the standard of the	not, and has not ernment bodies) by of special need in onsent; the of the information on."
be us a ir ve	een, reasonably ascertainable sing legitimate means (other to judicial or quasi-judicial proformation is not publicly availed cause substantial harm to NAME	by other persons (other than government of the standard of the	not, and has not ernment bodies) by of special need in onsent; the of the information on."
be us a ir vo	een, reasonably ascertainable sing legitimate means (other to judicial or quasi-judicial proformation is not publicly availed cause substantial harm to NAME	by other persons (other than government of the standard of the	not, and has not ernment bodies) by of special need in onsent; the of the information on."
be us a ir wo	een, reasonably ascertainable sing legitimate means (other to judicial or quasi-judicial proformation is not publicly availed cause substantial harm to NAME	by other persons (other than government of the standard of the	not, and has not ernment bodies) by of special need in onsent; the of the information on."
be us a ir vo	een, reasonably ascertainable sing legitimate means (other to judicial or quasi-judicial proformation is not publicly availed cause substantial harm to NAME	by other persons (other than government of the standard of the	not, and has not ernment bodies) by of special need in onsent; the of the information on."
be us a ir vo	een, reasonably ascertainable sing legitimate means (other to judicial or quasi-judicial proformation is not publicly availed cause substantial harm to NAME	by other persons (other than government of the standard of the	not, and has not ernment bodies) by of special need in onsent; the of the information on."

PAR'	T B CORPORATE DATA
1.09	Facility Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name [P]0]L]A]R]0]I]D]_]C]0]R]P]0]R]A]T]I]0]N]_]_]_]
[_]	Address [2]3]8] ISIQIIIII IMIAJIJI ISITIR IE IE II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
	[A]S]S]O]N]E]T]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	$ \begin{bmatrix} \overline{M} \\ \overline{M} \end{bmatrix} \overline{A} \qquad [\overline{\Omega} ] \overline{Z} ] \overline{Z} ] \overline{D} ] \overline{Z} ][\underline{D} ] \overline{D} ] $ State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	EPA ID Number
	Employer ID Number
	Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code
	Other SIC Code
	Other SIC Code $[\underline{N}]/\underline{J}\underline{A}]_{\underline{I}}$
1.10	Company Headquarters Identification
CBI	Name [P]0]1]A]R]0]1]]D]_]C]0]R]P]0]R]A]T]1]J0]N]]_]_]_]
[_]	Address [5]4]9]]]][[][]H]N]0][]0][][][][]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	CIAIMIBIRILIDIGIEI_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_I_
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I	Oun & Bradstreet Number $\dots [0]0]-[1]3]4]-[4]3]7]3]$
E	Imployer ID Number
] Mai	rk (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.
	A THE PROPERTY OF CONTRACTOR SUCCE!

1	
1.11	Parent Company Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name [N]
	(
	[_]_] [_]_]_]_][_]_]_]_]_]_ State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
1.12	Technical Contact
<u>CBI</u>	Name [R]0]B]E]R]T]-]T]-]H]A]W]E[S]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-]-
	[型]五]工] <u>用</u> ]五] <u>M</u> ]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	[M]A]     [0]2]2]5]4][]]]       State     Zip   Telephone Number
	·
1.13	This reporting year is from $[0]1][8]8$ to $[1]2][8]8$ Mo. Year
	·
	ark (Y) this how if you attack a sentiment of
—1 us	ark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

CBI Name of Seller [N] A   A   A   A   A   A   A   A   A   A	
Mailing Address   Street   Street   Street   Street   Street   State   Street   State   Stat	1.14 Facility Acquired If you purchased this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the seller:
Mailing Address   Street   Street   City	CBI Name of Seller $[N]/N$
Employer ID Number  Contact Person [	Mailing Address
Employer ID Number  Date of Sale	
Employer ID Number  Date of Sale  Contact Person []	
Employer ID Number  Date of Sale  Contact Person []	[_]_] [_]_]_]]]]]]]
Date of Sale	Employer ID Number
Contact Person [ ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ]	Date of Sale
Telephone Number	i teal
1.15 Facility Sold If you sold this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the buyer:  CBI Name of Buyer [N]	
CBI Name of Buyer [N]/A] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ]	
Mailing Address	1.15 Facility Sold If you sold this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the buyer:
Mailing Address	CBI Name of Buyer $[N]/N$
Street	Mailing Address
[ ] ]   [ ] ] ] ] - [ ] ] ]   Employer ID Number	Street
Employer ID Number	
Date of Purchase	State Zip
Mo.   Day   Year	Employer ID Number
Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]]]]]]]]	
Telephone Number	Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	Telephone Number
Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	
Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	
] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	
ı	] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

Classification	Quantity (
<b>]</b>	
Manufactured	
Imported	<u>NA</u>
Processed (include quantity repackaged)	<u>  1 ,15</u>
Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity:	
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	<u>NA</u>
For on-site use or processing	<u>NA</u>
For direct commercial distribution (including export)	<u>NA</u>
In storage at the end of the reporting year	<u>NA</u>
Of that quantity processed, report that quantity:	•
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	• • • •
Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	11,15
Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	<u>NA</u>
Processed as an article component (article producer)	<u>NA</u>
Repackaged (including export)	<u>NA</u>
In storage at the end of the reporting year	· · · · · (
	•

.17 BI	Mixture If the listed substor a component of a mixture, perchanical. (If the mixture compact chemical for all	provide the following info mposition is variable, re	ormation for each compa	222
]	Component Name	Supplier Name	Average % Composition by We (specify precisi e.g., 45% ± 0.	ion,
			Total 10	0%

2.0	4 State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility man or processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the re- descending order.	nufactured, impor eporting year in	rted,
<u>CBI</u>			
[_	] Year ending		1 <b>7</b> ] ear
	Quantity manufactured	<i>NA</i>	kg
	Quantity imported	NA	
	Quantity processed	4781.4	_ kg
	Year ending	···· [ <u>]]</u> 3] [ <u>]</u>	] <b>6</b> ] ear
	Quantity manufactured	NA	kg
	Quantity imported	NA	- kg
	Quantity processed	1597	kg
	Year ending	··· [ <b>]</b> ] <b>3</b> ] [ <b>8</b> ] Mo. Ye	<b>5</b> j
	Quantity manufactured	NA	kg
	Quantity imported	NA	kg
	Quantity processed		kg
2.05 CBI	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance. appropriate process types.	Circle all	<del></del>
		N/A	
ſ1	Continuous process		. 1
	Semicontinuous process		
	Batch process		
		•	
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		_

2.06 CBI	Specify the manner is appropriate process	n which you processed types.	the listed substance	. Circle all				
[_]	Continuous process	Continuous process						
		ss						
		•••••••						
2.07 CBI	State your facility's substance. (If you a question.)	name-plate capacity are a batch manufactur	for manufacturing or er or batch processor	processing the listed, do not answer this				
[_]	Manufacturing capacity kg/y							
	Processing capacity							
2.08 CBI	If you intend to incremanufactured, imported year, estimate the involume.	crease or decrease bas  WILL SMY A	tima after wour our	cent corporate fiscal g year's production				
[_]		Manufacturing Quantity (kg)	Importing Quantity (kg)	Processing Quantity (kg)				
	Amount of increase	NA	NA	NA				
	Amount of decrease	<i>N</i> A	NA	NA				
			•					
	ark (Y) this have is	u attach a continuati						

2.09	substance duri	largest volume manufacturing or processing proce, specify the number of days you manufactured ng the reporting year. Also specify the averages type was operated. (If only one or two oper	or processed	the liste
<u>CBI</u>			Days/Year	Average Hours/Day
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured	<i>NA</i>	_NA_
		Processed	10 days	20 HR>/0
	Process Type #2	(The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)	V	
		Manufactured	NA_	_NA_
		Processed	NA_	_VA_
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured	NA	_NA
		Processed	_NA_	NA
BI ]	chemical.	um daily inventory and average monthly inventory was stored on-site during the reporting year in	the form of	ed a bulk
		ventory		kg
	Average monthly	inventory		kg
_j	Mark (X) this bo	x if you attach a continuation sheet.		

2.11 <u>CBI</u>	Related Product Types List any byproducts, coproducts, or impurities present with the listed substance in concentrations greater than 0.1 percent as it is manufactured, imported, or processed. The source of byproducts, coproducts, or impurities means the source from which the byproducts, coproducts, or impurities are made or introduced into the product (e.g., carryover from raw material, reaction product, etc.).					
_	CAS No.  None	Chemical Name	Byproduct, Coproduct or Impurity	Concentration (%) (specify ± % precision)	Source of By products, Co products, or Impurities	
	Use the follow  B = Byproduct C = Coproduct I = Impurity	ring codes to designat	e byproduct, coprod	luct, or impurity	:	

	a.	b.		c.	d.	
		% of Quantity				
		Manufactured,		% of Quantity		
	December 1	Imported, or		Used Captively	m	
	Product Types <sup>1</sup>	Processed		On-Site	Type of End-Us	
	L	100		100	<u> </u>	
					4 <del></del>	
. — -	<sup>1</sup> Use the following code:					
		s to designate prod			(D.1)	
	A = Solvent			Moldable/Castable	e/Rubber and addi	
	<pre>B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator,</pre>	/Accelerator/		Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Color	cant/Ink and addi	
	Sensitizer	Acceleratory		Photographic/Repr		
	D = Inhibitor/Stabilize	er/Scavenger/		and additives	ographic chemica	
	Antioxidant	27, 552, 61, 612,		Electrodeposition	/Plating chemica	
	E = Analytical reagent			Fuel and fuel add		
	F = Chelator/Coagulant/	'Sequestrant		Explosive chemica		
	G = Cleanser/Detergent/			Fragrance/Flavor		
	<pre>H = Lubricant/Friction</pre>	modifier/Antiwear		Pollution control		
	agent		<b>U</b> = 1	Functional fluids	and additives	
	I = Surfactant/Emulsifi	er		Metal alloy and a		
	J = Flame retardant			Rheological modif	ier	
	<pre>K = Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives X = Other (specify)</pre>					
				of end-users:		
	1 = industrial			ecify)		
	CM = Commercial	υ Λ+b				
	<sup>2</sup> Use the following codes I = Industrial	CS = Const	umer			

2.13 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Expected Product Types Identify all product types which you expect to manufactimport, or process using the listed substance at any time after your current corporate fiscal year. For each use, specify the quantity you expect to manufactimport, or process for each use as a percentage of the total volume of listed substance used during the reporting year. Also list the quantity of listed subsused captively on-site as a percentage of the value listed under column b., and types of end-users for each product type. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.)				
	a.	b.	c.	C	l.
	Product Types <sup>1</sup>	% of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed	% of Quan Used Capt On-Si	ively	End-Users <sup>2</sup>
		100	160	5	<u> </u>
	1				
	A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator, Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilize Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant, G = Cleanser/Detergent, H = Lubricant/Friction agent I = Surfactant/Emulsifi J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Adhe Use the following codes I = Industrial CM = Commercial	/Accelerator/ er/Scavenger/ /Sequestrant /Degreaser modifier/Antiwear der esive and additives to designate the  CS = Cons	L = Moldable/( M = Plasticize N = Dye/Pigmer O = Photograph and additi P = Electrodep Q = Fuel and f R = Explosive S = Fragrance/ T = Pollution U = Functional V = Metal allo W = Rheologica X = Other (spe	tt/Colorant/Ink and ic/Reprographic classicies of the colorant	d additives hemical hemicals itives
	Mark (X) this box if you	attach a continua	tion sheet.		

	a.	b.	c. Average %	d.
	Product Type <sup>1</sup>	Final Product's Physical Form <sup>2</sup>	Composition of Listed Substance in Final Product	Type of End-Users <sup>3</sup>
	None			End-osets
<del></del>				
¹ Us	se the following co	des to designate pro		
A B C D E F G H : 2 Use A = B = C = D =	= Solvent = Synthetic reacts = Catalyst/Initiat     Sensitizer = Inhibitor/Stabil     Antioxidant = Analytical reage = Chelator/Coagula = Cleanser/Deterge = Lubricant/Fricti     agent = Surfactant/Emuls = Flame retardant = Coating/Binder/Ad	izer/Scavenger/ izer/Scavenger/ nt nt/Sequestrant nt/Degreaser on modifier/Antiwear ifier thesive and additives les to designate the F2 = Crys F3 = Gran F4 = Othe G = Gel	L = Moldable/Castable/ M = Plasticizer N = Dye/Pigment/Colora O = Photographic/Repro- and additives P = Electrodeposition/ Q = Fuel and fuel addi R = Explosive chemical S = Fragrance/Flavor of T = Pollution control U = Functional fluids V = Metal alloy and ad W = Rheological modifi X = Other (specify)  final product's physical talline solid ules r solid	ent/Ink and additing raphic chemicals fives and additives chemicals chemicals and additives ditives er
F1	= Powder		r (specify)	
	the following cod = Industrial	es to designate the  CS = Cons		
use I	= Commercial		r (specify)	

2.15 CBI	Cir lis	cle all applicable modes of transportation used to deliver bulk shipments of ted substance to off-site customers. $W/A$	of the
[_]	Tru	ck	1
		lcar	
		ge, Vessel	_
		eline	
		ne	•
		er (specify)	_
			•••
2.16 <u>CBI</u>	or p	tomer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance used by your cusprepared by your customers during the reporting year for use under each cate use listed (i-iv). $N/A$	tomers egory
··	Cate	egory of End Use	
	i.	Industrial Products	
		Chemical or mixture	_ kg/yr
		Article	_ kg/yr
	ii.	Commercial Products	
		Chemical or mixture	_kg/yr
		Article	
	iii.	Consumer Products	•
		Chemical or mixture	kg/yr
		Article	
	iv.	<u>Other</u>	, 00
		Distribution (excluding export)	kg/vr
		Export	
		Quantity of substance consumed as reactant	
		Unknown customer uses	
			KB/JI
_]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	

### SECTION 3 PROCESSOR RAW MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

3.01 CBI	for each major source of supply listed. Product tra The average price is the market value of the product		
[_]	Source of Supply	Quantity (kg)	Average Pric (\$/kg)
	The listed substance was manufactured on-site.	NA	NA
	The listed substance was transferred from a different company site.	NA	IVA
,	The listed substance was purchased directly from a manufacturer or importer.	14150	\$3.45
	The listed substance was purchased from a distributor or repackager.	NA	NA
	The listed substance was purchased from a mixture producer.	NA	NA
3.02 CBI	Circle all applicable modes of transportation used to your facility.		
	Railcar		
	Barge, Vessel	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3
	Pipeline		•
	Other (specify)		
	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		

3.03 a.	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed substance to facility.	your
[_]	Bags	
	Boxes	
	Free standing tank cylinders	
	Tank rail cars	
	Hopper cars	
	Tank trucks	6
	Hopper trucks	7
	Drums	8
	Pipeline	
	Other (specify)	
b.	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinders, tank cars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.	
	Tank cylinders	mmHg
	Tank rail cars	
	Tank trucks	mmHg
		R
•		

.04 <u>BI</u>	of the mixture, the n	ame of its supplier(s sition by weight of t	form of a mixture, list the ) or manufacturer(s), an est he listed substance in the morting year.	imate of the
	Trade Name	Supplier or <u>Manufacturer</u>	Average % Composition by Weight (specify ± % precision)	Amount Processed (kg/yr)

3.05 CBI [_]	reporting year in the for	State the quantity of the listed substance used as a raw material during the reporting year in the form of a class I chemical, class II chemical, or polymer, and the percent composition, by weight, of the listed substance.					
		Quantity Used (kg/yr)	$\%$ Composition by Weight of Listed Substance in Raw Material (specify $\pm$ $\%$ precision				
	Class I chemical	11,150	100%				
		<i>NA</i>	<i>NA</i>				
	Class II chemical	N/A					
	Polymer	N/A					
			•				

SECTION	٨.	DHVCTCAI	/CHEMICAL	PROPERTIES

If you are reporting on a mixture as defined in the glossary, reply to questions in Section 4 that are inappropriate to mixtures by stating "NA -- mixture."

For questions 4.06-4.15, if you possess any hazard warning statement, label, MSDS, or other notice that addresses the information requested, you may submit a copy or reasonable facsimile in lieu of answering those questions which it addresses.

PAKT	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DA	ATA SUMMARY		•								
4.01 <u>CBI</u>	Specify the percent purity for the three major 1 technical grade(s) of the listed substance as it is manufactured, imported, or processed. Measure the purity of the substance in the final product form for manufacturing activities, at the time you import the substance, or at the point you begin to process the substance.											
r,		Manufacture	Import	Process								
	Technical grade #1	NA % purity	/////////////////////////////////	_ <i> 00</i> % purity								
	Technical grade #2	NA% purity	MA% purity	<i>NA</i> % purity								
	Technical grade #3	<i>NA</i> _% purity	///A % purity	_ <i>NA</i> _% purity								
	<sup>1</sup> Major = Greatest quan	atity of listed substand	ce manufactured, impor	ted or processed.								
	Submit your most recently updated Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for the listed substance, and for every formulation containing the listed substance. If you possess an MSDS that you developed and an MSDS developed by a different source, submit your version. Indicate whether at least one MSDS has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.											
4.02	substance, and for eve an MSDS that you devel	ery formulation contains oped and an MSDS develo	ing the listed substan oped by a different so	ce. If you possess urce, submit your								
4.02	substance, and for ever an MSDS that you devel version. Indicate whe appropriate response.	ery formulation contains oped and an MSDS develo	ng the listed substan oped by a different so has been submitted by	ce. If you possess urce, submit your circling the								
4.02	substance, and for ever an MSDS that you devel version. Indicate whe appropriate response.  Yes	ery formulation contains oped and an MSDS develo ther at least one MSDS	ng the listed substan oped by a different so has been submitted by	ce. If you possess urce, submit your circling the								
4.02	substance, and for ever an MSDS that you devel version. Indicate whe appropriate response.  Yes	ery formulation contains oped and an MSDS develo ther at least one MSDS	ng the listed substan pped by a different so has been submitted by	ce. If you possess urce, submit your circling the								
4.02	substance, and for ever an MSDS that you devel version. Indicate whe appropriate response.  Yes	ery formulation contains oped and an MSDS develo ther at least one MSDS	ing the listed substant oped by a different so has been submitted by	ce. If you possess urce, submit your circling the								

Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

4.03	Submit a copy or reasonable facsimile of any hazard information (other than an MSDS) that is provided to your customers/users regarding the listed substance or any formulation containing the listed substance. Indicate whether this information has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.
	Yes
	No
4.04 CBI	For each activity that uses the listed substance, circle all the applicable number(s) corresponding to each physical state of the listed substance during the activity listed. Physical states for importing and processing activities are determined at the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Physical states for manufacturing, storage, disposal and transport activities are determined using the final state of the product.
	Physical State
	Liquified

	Physical State								
Activity	Solid	Slurry	Liquid	Liquified Gas	Gas				
Manufacture	1	2	3	4	5				
Import	1	2	3	4	5				
Process	1	2	3	4	5				
Store	1	2	3	4	5				
Dispose	1	2	3	4	5				
Transport	1	2	3	4	5				

[_]	Mark (	X)	this	box	if	you	attach	a	continuation	sheet.			
-----	--------	----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	--------	--	--	--

<pre>&lt;1 micron to &lt;5 microns</pre>	N/A Manufacture	Import	Process			
				Store	Dispose	Trans
to <5 microns						
	-					
o <10 microns			<del></del>			
<1 micron	-					
to <5 microns						
> <10 microns					-	
<1 micron						
o <5 microns			···			
<10 microns						
<1 micron	-		<del></del>			
o <5 microns						*
<10 microns						
	to <5 microns  <10 microns  <1 micron  to <5 microns  <10 microns	to <5 microns  <1 micron  to <5 microns  <1 micron  to <5 microns  <1 micron  <1 micron  <1 micron  <1 micron	to <5 microns  <1 micron  to <5 microns  <1 microns  <1 microns  <1 micron  <1 micron  <1 micron	to <5 microns <pre> &lt;1 micron  to &lt;5 microns  &lt;1 microns  &lt;1 microns  &lt;1 micron  &lt;1 mic</pre>	to <5 microns <pre></pre>	to <5 microns <pre> c &lt;10 micron  to &lt;5 microns  c &lt;10 microns  c &lt;10 microns  </pre> <pre> &lt;1 micron  co &lt;5 microns </pre>

In	ndicate the rate constants for the following transformation processes.											
a.	Photolysis:											
	Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak)	NA	(1/M cm)	at	n							
	Reaction quantum yield, 6	NA.		at	nn							
	Direct photolysis rate constant, k <sub>p</sub> , at	NA	1/hr		_ latit							
b.	Oxidation constants at 25°C:											
	For <sup>1</sup> 0 <sub>2</sub> (singlet oxygen), k <sub>ox</sub>	NA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1/							
	For RO <sub>2</sub> (peroxy radical), k <sub>ox</sub>	NA			1/							
c.	Five-day biochemical oxygen demand, BOD <sub>5</sub>	NA	• • •		mg							
d.	Biotransformation rate constant:											
	For bacterial transformation in water, $k_b \dots$	NA			1/							
	Specify culture	NA										
e.	Hydrolysis rate constants:											
	For base-promoted process, k <sub>B</sub>	NA			1/							
	For acid-promoted process, k,	NA			1/							
	For neutral process, k <sub>N</sub>	NA			1/1							
f.	Chemical reduction rate (specify conditions)_	$\wedge A$										
g.	Other (such as spontaneous degradation)	NA			1 <del></del>							

 Mark	(X)	this	box	if	vou	attach	а	continuation	sheet.
 	\ <i>,</i>				<i>y</i> • •	$\alpha \in c\alpha \in \Pi$	a	Continuation	Succ.

	. a.	Specify the half-life	of the listed substa	ance in the follow	ing media.
		<u>Media</u>		Half-life (spec	ify units)
		Groundwater	_NA		
		Atmosphere	NA		
		Surface water	NA		
		Soil	NA		
	b.	Identify the listed su life greater than 24 h	ubstance's known tran nours.	nsformation product	s that have a half-
		CAS No.	Name	Half-life (specify units)	<u> Media</u>
		_NA	***	·	in
					in
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	in
				-	in
5.03	•	cify the octanol-water		• ,	at 25°0
5.04		eify the soil-water par			at 25°0
5.05	Spec coef	ify the organic carbon ficient, K <sub>oc</sub>	-water partition	<u>NA</u>	at 25°C

	Bioconcentration Factor	<u>Species</u>		<u>Test</u> <sup>1</sup>
	NA			
· ·	1			
		to designate the type of te	st:	
	<pre>F = Flowthrough S = Static</pre>			
	*			
	,			

[ ]			
'_'	Market	Quantity Sold or Transferred (kg/yr)	Total Sales Value (\$/yr)
	Retail sales		
	Distribution Wholesalers	<u> </u>	
	Distribution Retailers		
	Intra-company transfer		
	Repackagers		
	Mixture producers		
	Article producers		
	Other chemical manufacturers or processors		
	Exporters		
	Other (specify)		
- <del>v Tur</del>			
6.05 CBI	Substitutes List all known comme for the listed substance and state feasible substitute is one which is in your current operation, and which performance in its end uses.	the cost of each substitute economically and technolog	<ul> <li>A commercially gically feasible to use</li> </ul>
1	Cubasisus		
[_]	<u>Substitute</u>		Cost (\$/kg)
[_]	None_		Cost (\$/kg)
<u>[</u> ]			<u>Cost (\$/kg)</u>
<b>[</b> _]			<u>Cost (\$/kg)</u>
[_]			<u>Cost (\$/kg)</u>
[]			Cost (\$/kg)
			Cost (\$/kg)

 $[\ \ ]$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

SECTION	7	MANUFACTURING	ΔND	PROCESSING	THEORMATION
SECTION	,	LIMIAILL WOLLING	MINI	LUMPES STATE	1 N T U T M M A I I U I N

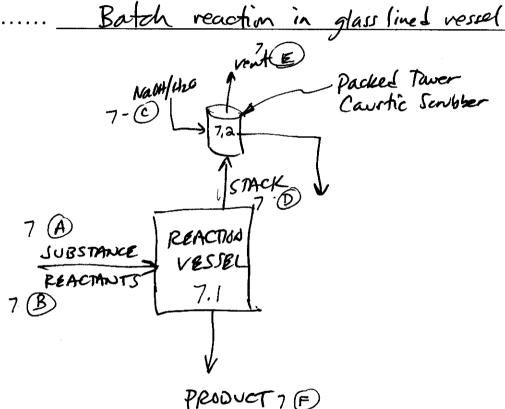
~	٦.	-			
Genera	1.1	Ins	trii	ct1	ons

For questions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram provided in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the information is extracted.

#### PART A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION

In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance. CBI

Process type .....



Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

7.03	In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all
t	process emission streams and emission points that contain the listed substance and
	which, if combined, would total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not
	treated before emission into the environment. If all such emissions are released
	from one process type, provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions
	for question 7.01. If all such emissions are released from more than one process
	type, provide a process block flow diagram showing each process type as a separate
	block.
CRT	

NaOH/H20 quent E Process type ..... Caustic Scrubber (virtually no emissions) (Same process Flow Liagram as 7.01) PRODUCT ? (F)

Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<u>CBI</u>	process type	ocess type, photocopy this			-
[_]	Process type	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		****	
	Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vessel Composition
	7.1.	Glassline & Reader	25°C-86°C	760	Glass-limeds+
	7.2	Glassline & Reacter Packed Tower Scrubber	25°C-86°C	760	fiberglass
				444-1-448	
		<del></del>			
	***************************************				

7.05	<pre>process block</pre>	process stream identified in your p flow diagram is provided for more t complete it separately for each proc	han one process typ	iagram(s). If a e, photocopy thi
<u>CBI</u>				
[_]	Process type	Batch Reacti	in	
	Process Stream ID Code  7 A 7 B 7 C 7 D 7 E 7 F	Process Stream Description  Substance  Reactants (glycol polyols)  Scrubber liquor  Stack emissions  Vent (emission to air)  Product	Physical State <sup>1</sup> OL  AC  GC  OL	Stream Flow (kg/yr)  11, 150  40,600  8000  neglis;61
	GC = Gas (cone GU = Gas (unc SO = Solid SY = Sludge or AL = Aqueous OL = Organic	liquid	pressure) nd pressure)	
11	Mark (X) this b	ox if you attach a continuation shee	et.	

7.06 CBI	If a proces this questi	e each process stream ide s block flow diagram is p on and complete it separa s for further explanation	provided for mon tely for each p	re than one proc process type. (	ess type, photocopy
[_]	Process type	e			
	a.	b.	c.	d.	е.
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds <sup>1</sup>	Concen- trations <sup>2,3</sup> (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentrations (% or ppm)
	<del>74</del>	2,4-Toluene Dicsocyanate	<u>A</u> , W	NA	160
	7B_	Glycol Polyols		MA	/00
	7C_	Sodium hydroxide Water	A, V A, V	NA NA	10-15% 85-90%
 7.06	7 <u>E</u> 2,	Joluene Dalisseyn 4 Toluene disse Synthetic Urethn 2, 4 Toluene disso	CYAMATE A	, w NA	0.017ppm
[_]	Mark (X) thi	s box if you attach a con	tinuation sheet	·	

7.0	06 (	cont	inued)
-----	------	------	--------

For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive <u>Package Number</u>	Components of Additive Package	Concentration (% or ppm)
1	N/A	
2		
3		
,		
4		
5		
<sup>2</sup> Use the following codes	to designate have all	_
A = Analytical result	to designate how the concentration	on was determined:
E = Engineering judgemen		
<sup>3</sup> Use the following codes	to designate how the concentration	n was measured:
V = Volume W = Weight		

SECTION 8	RESIDUAL TREATMENT	GENERATION,	CHARACTERIZATION,	TRANSPORTATION.	AND
	MANAGEMENT		•	•	

#### General Instructions:

For questions 8.04-8.06, provide a separate response for each residual treatment block flow diagram provided in question 8.01, 8.02 or 8.03. Identify the process type from which the information is extracted.

For questions 8.05-8.33, the Stream Identification Codes are those process streams listed in either the Section 7 or Section 8 block flow diagrams which contain residuals for each applicable waste management method.

For questions 8.07-8.33, if residuals are combined before they are handled, list those Stream Identification Codes on the same line.

Questions 8.09-8.33 refer to the waste management activities involving the residuals identified in either the Section 7 or Section 8 block flow diagrams. Not all Stream Identification Codes used in the sample answers (e.g., for the incinerator questions) have corresponding process streams identified in the block flow diagram(s). These Stream Identification codes are for illustrative purposes only.

For questions 8.11-8.33, if you have provided the information requested on one of the EPA Office of Solid Waste surveys listed below within the three years prior to your reporting year, you may submit a copy or reasonable facsimile in lieu of answering those questions which the survey addresses. The applicable surveys are: (1) Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, Disposal, and Recycling Survey; (2) Hazardous Waste Generator Survey; or (3) Subtitle D Industrial Facility Mail Survey.

[_]	Mark (X)	this box i	f you	attach a	continuation	sheet.	

PART	A RESIDUAL TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION
8.01 CBI	In accordance with the instructions, provide a residual treatment block flow diagram which describes the treatment process used for residuals identified in question 7.01.
[_]	Process type By the remetion in glass/ined vessel  Ventile  Process type

 $[\ \ ]$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

8.05 CBI	diagram process	type, photo	residual trea	am identified atment block f uestion and co ons for furthe	low diagram is mplete it sepa	provided for	more than one
[_]	Process	type	••••				
	а.	b.	c.	d.	е.	f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Waste	Physical State of Residual <sup>2</sup>	Known Compounds <sup>3</sup>	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) <sup>4,5,6</sup>	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concen- trations (% or ppm)
	1D	N/A	<u>CC</u> .	2,4 Tolvene disso	MONATE E, W.	1 <u>NA</u>	0,73
	7 <u>E</u>	N/A	LC 24	Tolvene dissay	metA, W, 2	NA	0.017ppm
			-				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
.05	continued	below					

# 8.05 (continued) <sup>1</sup>Use the following codes to designate the type of hazardous waste: I = Ignitable C = Corrosive R = Reactive E = EP toxicT = ToxicH = Acutely hazardous <sup>2</sup>Use the following codes to designate the physical state of the residual: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = SolidSY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)

### 8.05 continued below

Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

8.	05	(continued)
•	~	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

<sup>3</sup>For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column d. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

	Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentrations(% or ppm)
	1	$\mathcal{L}/\mathcal{A}$	
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
		<del></del>	
	<sup>4</sup> Use the following codes	to designate how the concentration	was determined:
	A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgemen	t/calculation	
8.05	continued below	·	
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you	attach a continuation sheet.	
		E.C.	

8	. 0	)5	(	c	ი	n	t	i	n	u	e	d	١
v	• •	, _	•	•	v		•	_		·	•	v	,

 $^5\mbox{Use}$  the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:

V = Volume

W = Weight

<sup>6</sup>Specify the analytical test methods used and their detection limits in the table below. Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes in column e.

Code	<u>Method</u>	Detection Limit (± ug/l)/
1	W/A	NA
2	NIOSH ANAlytical Method No. P+ CAM 141	0./
3		
4		
_5		
6		

•																																																																																																	•		t	e	e	h	sl	S		n	or	i	t	a	u	ימ	i	c		a	ć	ì	h	el	ıc	a	t	: 1	t	a	ä		1	u	וכ	o	<b>7</b> C	7	y	у	3			
																																																																																																			•	t.	et.	eet.	neet.	theet.	sheet.	sheet.	sheet.	on sheet.	ion sheet.	tion sheet.	ation sheet.	uation sheet.	nuation sheet.	ontinuation sheet.	continuation sheet.	continuation sheet.	a continuation sheet.	a continuation sheet.	a continuation sheet.	n a continuation sheet.	h a continuation sheet.	ch a continuation sheet.	ach a continuation sheet.	tach a continuation sheet.	tach a continuation sheet.	ttach a continuation sheet.	attach a continuation sheet.	u attach a continuation sheet.	u attach a continuation sheet.	ou attach a continuation sheet.	you attach a continuation sheet.									
																																																																																																			•	t.	et.	eet.	neet.	sheet.	sheet.	sheet.	sheet.	on sheet.	ion sheet.	tion sheet.	ation sheet.	uation sheet.	nuation sheet.	ontinuation sheet.	continuation sheet.	continuation sheet.	a continuation sheet.	a continuation sheet.	a continuation sheet.	n a continuation sheet.	th a continuation sheet.	ch a continuation sheet.	ach a continuation sheet.	tach a continuation sheet.	tach a continuation sheet.	ttach a continuation sheet.	attach a continuation sheet.	u attach a continuation sheet.	u attach a continuation sheet.	ou attach a continuation sheet.	you attach a continuation sheet.									
inuation sheet	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet.	inuation sheet	inuation sheet	inuation shee	inuation she	inuation sh	inuation s	inuation s	inuation	inuation	inuatio	inuati	inuat	inua	inu	in	i		on	con	con	a con	a con	a con	h a con	h a con	ch a con	ach a con	tach a con	tach a con	ttach a con	attach a con	attach a con	attach a con	attach a con	u attach a con	u attach a con	ou attach a con	you attach a con																																																																					
tinuation sheet	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet.	tinuation sheet	tinuation sheet	tinuation shee	tinuation she	tinuation sh	tinuation s	tinuation s	tinuation	tinuation	tinuation	tinuati	tinuat	tinua	tinu	tin	ti	t	O	co	co	a co	a co	a co	h a co	h a co	ch a co	ach a co	tach a co	tach a co	ttach a co	attach a co	attach a co	attach a con	attach a co	u attach a co	u attach a co	ou attach a co	you attach a con																																																																					
ntinuation sheet	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet	ntinuation sheet	ntinuation shee	ntinuation she	ntinuation sh	ntinuation s	tinuation s	ntinuation	ntinuation	ntinuation	ntinuati	ntinuat	ntinua	tinu	ntin	iti	ıt	(	c	c	a co	a co	a co	h a co	h a co	ch a co	ach a co	tach a co	tach a co	ttach a co	attach a co	attach a co	attach a co	attach a co	u attach a co	u attach a co	ou attach a co	you attach a co	you attach a co	you attach a co																																																																			
ntinuation sheet	ontinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ontinuation sheet.	ontinuation sheet.	ontinuation sheet.	ontinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet.	ontinuation sheet.	ntinuation sheet	ntinuation sheet	ntinuation shee	ntinuation she	ntinuation sh	ntinuation s	ntinuation	ntinuation	ntinuation	ntinuation	ntinuati	ntinuat	ntinua	ntinu	ntin	nti	nt		c	C	a c	a c	a c	hac	h a c	ch a c	ach a c	tach a c	tach a c	ttach a c	attach a c	attach a c	attach a c	attach a c	u attach a c	u attach a c	ou attach a c	you attach a c	you attach a c	you attach a c																																																																																												

8.06	diagram process	erize each parts (s). If a rest type, photos (Refer to the	esidual trea copy this qu	itment block sestion and c	flow diag complete i	gram is pro it separate	ovided for mo	re than one process
<u>CBI</u>				•				
[_]	Process	type	<u>B4tc</u>	h Ren	ction	Polynevi ?	ation	
	a.	b.	c.	d.			f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Waste Description Code <sup>1</sup>	Management Method Code <sup>2</sup>	Residual Quantities (kg/yr)	of Resi	gement dual (%) Off-Site	Costs for Off-Site Management (per kg)	Changes in Management Methods
(1)	70	B91	M4(a)		100	0		Nove
6)	1E	0.0						
Ŕλ	16	B91	M5	0.1	100			Noro e
					-			
		*						
•								
		-	***************************************		<del></del>			
		codes provi						
[_]	Mark (X)	this box if	you attach	a continuati	on sheet.			

## WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES

These waste description codes were developed specifically for this survey to supplement the descriptions listed with the RCRA and other waste codes. (These waste description codes are not regulatory definitions.)

## WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE DESCRIBED BY A SINGLE RCRA F, K, P, OR U WASTE CODE

A01	Spent	solvent	(F001-F005,	K086)

A02 Other organic liquid (F001-F005, K086)

A03 Still bottom (F001-F005, K086)

A04 Other organic sludge (F001-F005, K086)

A05 Wastewater or aqueous mixture

A06 Contaminated soil or cleanup residue

Other F or K waste, exactly as described

A08 Concentrated off-spec or discarded product

Empty containers

"Exactly as described" means that the waste matches the description of the RCRA waste code

A10 Incinerator ash

A11 Solidified treatment residue

A12 Other treatment residue (specify in 'Facility Notes'')

Other untreated waste (specify in "Facility Notes")

INORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily Inorganic and highly fluid (e.g., aqueous), with low suspended inorganic solids and low organic content

B01 Aqueous waste with low solvents

B02 Aqueous waste with low other toxic organics

803 Spent acid with metals

B04 Spent acid without metals

**B05** Acidic aqueous waste

B06 Caustic solution with metals but no cyanides

B07 Caustic solution with metals and cyanides

B08 Caustic solution with cyanides but no metals

**B09 Spent caustic** 

B10 Caustic aqueous waste

B11 Aqueous waste with reactive sulfides

B12 Aqueous waste with other reactives (e.g., explosives)

B13 Other aqueous waste with high dissolved solids

B14 Other aqueous waste with low dissolved

B15 Scrubber water

B16 Leachate

817 Waste liquid mercury

B18 Other inorganic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")

INORGANIC SLUDGES—Waste that is primarily inorganic, with moderate-to-high wa content and low organic content; pumpable.

B19 Lime sludge without metals

820 Lime studge with metals/metal hydroxide sludge

B21 Wastewater treatment sludge with toxic

B22 Other wastewater treatment sludge

823 Untreated plating sludge without cyanides

B24 Untreated plating sludge with cyanides

825 Other sludge with cyanides

B26 Sludge with reactive sulfides

B27 Sludge with other reactives

B28 Degreasing sludge with metal scale or filings

B29 Air pollution control device sludge (e.g., fly ash, wet scrubber sludge)

B30 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with organics

B31 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with inorganics only

**B32 Drilling mud** 

**B33** Asbestos slurry or sludge

Chloride or other brine sludge **B34** 

**B35** Other inorganic sludge (specify in 'Facility Notes'')

INORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily inorganic and solid, with low organic content and low-to-moderate water content; not oumpable.

**B36** Soil contaminated with organics

**B37** Soil contaminated with inorganics only Ash, slag, or other residue from inciner-R3A ation of wastes

Other "dry" ash, slag, or thermal 839 residue

**B40** "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids chemically "fixed"

**B41** "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids not "fixed"

Metal scale, filings, or scrap

843 Empty or crushed metal drums or containers

Batteries or battery parts, casings, cores

**B45** Spent solid filters or adsorbents **B46** Asbestos solids and debns

847 Metal-cyanide salts/chemicals

848 Reactive cyanide salts/chemicals

849 Reactive sulfide salts/chemicals **B50** Other reactive salts/chemicals

**B51** Other metal salts/chemicals **B52** Other waste inorganic chemicals

853 Lab packs of old chemicals only **B54** Lab packs of debris only

**B**55 Mixed lab packs

**B56** Other inorganic solids (specify in 'Facility Notes'')

INORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily inorganic with a low organic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

B57 Inorganic gases

ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and is highly fluid, with low inorganic solids content and low-to-moderate water content

R58 Concentrated solvent-water solution RSQ Halogenated (e.g., chlorinated) solvent

**B60** Nonhalogenated solvent **B61** Halogenated/nonhalogenated solvent mixture

B62 Oil-water emulsion or mixture

B63 Waste oil

**B64** Concentrated aqueous solution of other organics

B65 Concentrated phenolics

**B66** Organic paint, ink, lacquer, or varnish

867 Adhesives or expoxies

**B68** Paint thinner or petroleum distillates

RAG Reactive or polymerizable organic liquid

**B70** Other organic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")

ORGANIC SLUDGES—Waste that is primarily organic, with low-to-moderate inorganic solids content and water content; pumpable.

Still bottoms of halogenated (e.g., chlori-

nated) solvents or other organic liquids Still bottoms of nonhalogenated solvents or other organic liquids

**B73** Oily sludge

874 Organic paint or ink sludge

**B75** Reactive or polymerizable organics

Resins, tars, or tarry sludge 876

877 Biological treatment studge

878 Sewage or other untreated biological sludge

Other organic sludge (specify in 879 'Facility Notes")

ORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and solid, with low-to-moderate inorganic content and water content; not pumpable.

B80 Halogenated pesticide solid

881 Nonhalogenated pesticide solid

**B82** Solid resins or polymenzed organics

BA3 Spent carbon

**B84** Reactive organic solid

**B85** Empty fiber or plastic containers 886 Lab packs of old chemicals only

**B87** Lab packs of debris only

Mixed lab packs

**B89** Other halogenated organic solid

Other nonhalogenated organic solid

ORGANIC GASES-Waste that is primarily organic with low-to-moderate inorganic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

B91 Organic gases

# EXHIBIT 8-2. (Refers to question 8.06(c))

## MANAGEMENT METHODS

M1 = Discharge to publicly owned vastevater treatment works M2 = Discharge to surface vater under NPDES M3 = Discharge to off-site, privately owned vastevater treatment works M4 = Scrubber: a) caustic; b) vater; c) other M5 = Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare; c) other (specify) M6 = Other (specify) M7 = Other (specify) M8 = Other (specify) M8 = Other (specify) M8 = Other (specify) M9				.000
Vastewater treatment vorks   Poischarge to surface water under NPDES   Sincharge to off-site, privately owned vastewater treatment vorks   Sincharge to off-site, privately owned vastewater treatment vorks   Sincharge to off-site, privately owned vastewater treatment vorks   Sincharge to other   Sinch	M1	= Discharge to publicly owned	Reco	overy of solvents and liquid organics
NPDES 3 = Discharge to off-site, privately ovned vastewater treatment vorks 4 S = Cubber: a) caustic; b) vater; c) other conters c) other (specify) 6 = Vent tor a) atmosphere; b) flare; c) other (specify) 6 = Other (specify) 7 TREATMENT AND RECYCLING  TREATMENT AND RECYCLING  Incineration/thermal treatment 11 Liquid injection 21 Rotary or rocking kiln 31 Rotary kiln with a liquid injection 21 Rotary or rocking kiln 31 Rotary kiln with a liquid injection 31 Rotary kiln with a liquid injection 41 Two stage 51 Fixed hearth 61 Multiple hearth 71 Fluidized bed 81 Infrared 91 Fume/vapor 91 Fume/vapor 910 Pyrolytic destructor 911 Other incineration/thermal treatment 111 Other incineration/thermal 112 Cement kiln 21R Cement kiln 21R Cement kiln 21R Other kiln 31R Asphalt kiln 41R Other kiln 31R Asphalt kiln 41R Other industrial furnace 62R Sulfur recovery furnace 68R Sulfur recovery furnace 68R Scovery 64R Solvent extraction 65R Phase separation 75R Dessication 65R Phase separation 75R Descovery 74R Unt				
M3 = Discharge to off-site, privately owned vastevater treatment vorks  M4 = Scrubber: a) caustic; b) water; c) other  M5 = Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare; c) other (specify)  M6 = Other (specify)  TREATMENT AND RECTCLING  Incineration/thermal treatment  II Liquid injection  III Tvo stage  II Tvo stage  II Tvo stage  II Fixed hearth  II Fixed hearth  II Fluidized bed  II Infrared  II Pume/vapor  IO Pyrolytic destructor  III Other incineration/thermal  treatment  IRF Cement kiln  ARP Other kiln  SRP Blast furnace  RRP Coke oven  RRP Sabpalt kiln  ARP Other kiln  RRP Sabpalt kiln  ARP Other kiln  RRP Silfy recovery furnace  RRP Solvent industrial boiler  IIRF Utility boiler  IRF Utility boiler  IRF Other industrial furnace  RRP Coke oven  PRP Other industrial furnace  RRP Coke oven  RRP Coke oven  RPR Dother industrial furnace  RRP Coke oven  RRP Coke oven  RRP Distriction  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Companion  Compan	M2	■ Discharge to surface water under		
## Solution   Solution   Solution   Solution   ## Solution   Solution   ## Solution   Solution   Solution   ## Solution   Solution   Solution   Solution   ## Solution   Soluti		NPDES	2SR	Batch still distillation
ovned vastevater treatment vorks 4 Scrubber: a) caustic; b) vater; c) other 8 - Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare; c) other (specify) 6 - Other (specify)  TREATMENT AND RECTCLING  TRECOVERY Of metals  Recovery of metals  TRECOVERY Of metals  TRECOVERY Of metals  TRECOVERY)  TREATMENT AND RECTCLING  TREATMENT AND RECTCLIN	м3	<pre>= Discharge to off-site, privately</pre>		
Scrubber: a) caustic; b) vater; c) other		owned wastewater treatment works		
c) other	. M4	<pre>= Scrubber: a) caustic; b) water;</pre>	5sr	Filtration
Second to: a) atmosphere; b) flare; c) other (specify)  M6 - Other (specify)  TREATMENT AND RECICLING  Incineration/thermal treatment II Liquid injection unit  II Rotary or rocking kiln II Rotary kiln with a liquid injection unit  II Tvo stage II Fixed hearth II Liquidized bed II Infrared II Infrared II Infrared II Pume/vapor II Pyrolytic destructor III Other incineration/thermal treatment  Reuse as fuel IRF Cement kiln IRF Cement kiln IRF Cother kiln SRF Asphalt kiln ARF Other kiln SRF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace RRF Coke oven INF Infrared INF Infrared INF Infrared IRF Ultrafiliration IVT Equalization IVT Cone INF Industrial boiler IRF Infrared INF Ultrility boiler INF Ultrafiliration IVT Equalization IVT Coone INF Ultrafiliration (including disinfection) IVT Coone INF Other reuse as fuel unit IVT Coonation IVT Coolum hydroxide IVT Sodium bisulfite			6SR	Phase separation
TREATHENT AND RECICLING  TREATHENT AND RECICLING  Incineration/thermal treatment  II Liquid injection 21 Rotary or rocking kiln 31 Rotary kiln with a liquid injection unit 41 Tvo stage 51 Fixed hearth 61 Multiple hearth 62 Multiple hearth 63 Infrared 64 Infrared 65 Infrared 66 Fune/vapor 67 Pyurcylytic destructor 68 Infrared 69 I Pume/vapor 61 Pytrolytic destructor 61 Other incineration/thermal treatment 61 Aggregate kiln 62 Aggregate kiln 63 Aggregate kiln 64 Equalization 65 Sulfur recovery furnace 67 Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 68 Focke oven 69 Forther industrial boiler 60 Retals 60 Again and Activated carbon (for metals recovery) 64 Electrolytic metal recovery 65 Asphale kiln 66 Activated carbon (for metals recovery) 65 Organia original injection 65 Asphale kiln 67 Chemium recovery 68 Aspray Charles 68 Asphale kiln 69 Activated carbon (for metals recovery) 78 Electrolytic metal recovery 79 Chem etals recovery 70 Chemium recovery 70 Chemium reduction 70 Chomium reduction 70 Chem coursed can be expected and recovery 70 Chemium reduction 70 Chemium reduction	M5	<pre>= Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare;</pre>	7 S.R.	Dessication
TREATHENT AND RECICLING  TREATHENT AND RECICLING  Incineration/thermal treatment  II Liquid injection 21 Rotary or rocking kiln 31 Rotary kiln with a liquid injection unit 41 Tvo stage 51 Fixed hearth 61 Multiple hearth 62 Multiple hearth 63 Infrared 64 Infrared 65 Infrared 66 Fune/vapor 67 Pyurcylytic destructor 68 Infrared 69 I Pume/vapor 61 Pytrolytic destructor 61 Other incineration/thermal treatment 61 Aggregate kiln 62 Aggregate kiln 63 Aggregate kiln 64 Equalization 65 Sulfur recovery furnace 67 Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 68 Focke oven 69 Forther industrial boiler 60 Retals 60 Again and Activated carbon (for metals recovery) 64 Electrolytic metal recovery 65 Asphale kiln 66 Activated carbon (for metals recovery) 65 Organia original injection 65 Asphale kiln 67 Chemium recovery 68 Aspray Charles 68 Asphale kiln 69 Activated carbon (for metals recovery) 78 Electrolytic metal recovery 79 Chem etals recovery 70 Chemium recovery 70 Chemium reduction 70 Chomium reduction 70 Chem coursed can be expected and recovery 70 Chemium reduction 70 Chemium reduction		c) other (specify)	8SR	Other solvent recovery
TREATHENT AND RECYCLING  Incineration/thermal treatment II Liquid injection 21 Rotary or rocking kiln 31 Rotary kiln with a liquid injection unit 41 Tvo stage 51 Fixed hearth 61 Multiple hearth 62 Multiple hearth 63 Infrared 64 Infrared 65 Infrared 66 Fune/vapor 67 Pyme/vapor 68 Selectrolytic metals recovery) 68 Infrared 69 Infrared 60 Augustial bother incineration/thermal treatment 61 Other incineration/thermal treatment 62 Aggregate kiln 63 Aggregate kiln 64 Equalization 65 Sulfur recovery furnace 66 FS Sulfur recovery furnace 67 Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 68 FR Coke oven 69 FR Other industrial furnace 60 FR FOrcess heater 60 Figh Blending 60 Other reuse as fuel unit 65 Cement or cement/silicate processes 65 Organic polymer techniques 66 Other solidification 67 Chomium reduction 68 Contact and carbon (for metals recovery) 68 Electrolytic metal recovery 68 Electrolytic metal recovery 68 Electrolytic metals recovery 68 Electrolytic metals recovery 68 Reverse cosmosis (for metals recovery) 68 Electrolytic metal recovery 68 Reverse cosmosis (for metals recovery) 68 Electrolytic metal recovery 68 Electrolytic metal recovery 68 Reverse cosmosis (for metals recovery) 68 Electrolytic metal recovery 68 Reverse cosmosis (for metals recovery) 68 Electrolytic metal recovery 68 Reverse cosmosis (for metals recovery) 68 Electrolytic metal recovery 68 Reverse cosmosis (for metals recovery 69 After cosmosis (for metals recovery 69 After cosmosis (for metals recovery 69 After cosmosis (for	M6 :	= Other (specify)		
Incineration/thermal treatment II Liquid injection IR Rotary or rocking kiln II Two stage II Two stage II Fixed hearth III Liquid zeroevery III Other incineration/thermal III Other incineration/thermal III Other incineration/thermal III Other kiln IRF Other industrial boiler IIRF Utility boiler IRF IIRF Utility boiler IRF Process heater IRF Process heater IRF Process heater IRF Free Blending IRF Processes as fuel unit IRF Cement or cement/silicate processes INF For Songia polymer techniques IRF Other solidification IS Cement or cement/silicate processes INF Data in the solidification IS Cement or cement/silicate processes INF Other solidification IS Other solidificat	an n	AMACON AND DROYALTIA		
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and the state of t	2 T	Potery or recking bile	21/2	
unit  I Tvo stage  Fixed hearth  Multiple hearth  I Fluidized bed  Infrared  I Fume/vapor  I Fluid stement  Other incineration/thermal  After each wastewater treatment type  listed below (IVT - 66WT) specify  a) tank; or b) surface impoundment  Reuse as fuel  IRF Cement kiln  RF Aggregate kiln  3RF Asphalt kiln  RF Sulfur recovery furnace  RFF Sulfur recovery furnace  RFF Sulfur recovery furnace  RFF Coke oven  RFF Coke oven  RFF Industrial boiler  IRF INF Industrial boiler  IRF INF Industrial boiler  IRF Utility boiler  IRF Fucess heater  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Toment or cement/silicate processes  Asphaltic process	31	Potary kiln with a liquid initation		
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Fixed hearth  Multiple hearth  Fluidized bed  Infrared  Fixed provides tructor  III of the rincineration/thermal treatment  Reuse as fuel  IRF Cement kiln  ARF Other kiln  ARF Other kiln  SRF Sulfur recovery furnace  RRF Coke oven  BRF Other industrial furnace  RRF Coke oven  INF Infultity boiler  INF Infultity boiler  INF Infultity boiler  INF Other reuse as fuel unit  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solymative action (for metals recovery)  BMR Other metals recovery  Wastewater Treatment  After each wastewater treatment type  listed below (1WT - 66WT) specify a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63WTa)  Equalization  IWT Equalization  Equalization  Cyanide oxidation  2WT Alkaline chlorination 3WT Ozone  4WT Electrochemical  5WT Other cyanide oxidation  2WT Alkaline chlorination  3WT Ozone  General oxidation (including disinfection)  6WT Chlorination  YUT vadiation  Fuel Blending  Fuel blending  Solidification  Chemical precipitation  Chemical precipitati	ΔТ		DMK	(202
Multiple hearth   recovery			CVD	
Fluidized bed			bmk	
### STATE   Fundament   Fundam	7 T	Fluidized had	7MD	
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Other incineration/thermal treatment  Reuse as fuel IRF Cement kiln ARF Asphalt kiln SRF Blast furnace RRF Sulfur recovery furnace RRF Coke oven ARF Other industrial furnace Other industrial boiler IRF Utility boiler IRF Utility boiler IRF Utility boiler IRF Utility boiler SRF Blending Fuel Blending Fuel Blending Fuel Blending Solidification Solidif			SMD	
Other incineration/thermal treatment	101	Pyrolytic destructor	Oilk	other metals recovery
Reuse as fuel listed below (1WT - 66WT) specify a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63WTa)  Reysegate kiln (i.e., 63WTa)  REY Aggregate kiln  REY Coment kiln Equalization  REF Other kiln IVT Equalization  REF Sulfur recovery furnace Cyanide oxidation  REF Sulfur recovery furnace SWT Ozone  REF Coke oven 4WT Electrochemical  REF Other industrial furnace SWT Other cyanide oxidation  REF Other industrial furnace SWT Other cyanide oxidation  REF Other industrial furnace SWT Other cyanide oxidation  REF Utility boiler General oxidation (including disinfection)  REF Process heater disinfection)  REF Other reuse as fuel unit SWT Chlorination  Full Blending SWT UV radiation  Full Blending SWT UV radiation  Full blending SWT UV radiation  Solidification Chemical precipitation  Chromium reduction  Solidification Chromium reduction  Solidification Chromium reduction  Solidification Chromium reduction	111	Other incineration/thermal	Vast	evater Treatment
Reuse as fuel  1RF Cement kiln  2RF Aggregate kiln  3RF Asphalt kiln  4RF Other kiln  5RF Blast furnace  6RF Sulfur recovery furnace  6RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace  7RF Other industrial furnace  7RF Other industrial boiler  7RRF Utility boiler  7RRF Process heater  7RRF Other reuse as fuel unit  7RF Blending  7RF Blending  7RF Other cyanide oxidation  7RF Other industrial furnace  7RF Other industrial furnace  7RF Other industrial furnace  7RF Other industrial furnace  7RF Other industrial boiler  7RF Utility boiler  7RF Other reuse as fuel unit  7RF Other				
Reuse as fuel  IRF Cement kiln  Represent kiln				listed helow (1VT - 66VT) specify
RF Cement kiln  2RF Aggregate kiln  3RF Asphalt kiln  4RF Other kiln  5RF Blast furnace  6RF Sulfur recovery furnace  6RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace  7RF Coke oven  7RF Other industrial furnace  7RF Utility boiler  7RF Process heater  7RF Process heater  7RF Other reuse as fuel unit  7RF Sulfufaction  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Thermoplastic techniques  Thermoplastic techniques  Solidification  Solidification  Chromium reduction  Solidification  Chromium reduction	Reus	e as fuel		
2RF Asphalt kiln Equalization  4RF Other kiln 1VT Equalization  5RF Blast furnace  6RF Sulfur recovery furnace Cyanide oxidation  7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 3VT Alkaline chlorination  Furnace 3VT Ozone  6RF Coke oven 4VT Electrochemical  9RF Other industrial furnace 5VT Other cyanide oxidation  10RF Industrial boiler  11RF Utility boiler General oxidation (including disinfection)  13RF Other reuse as fuel unit 6VT Chlorination  Fuel Blending 8VT UV radiation  Fuel blending 9VT Other general oxidation  50lidification Chemical precipitation  Solidification Chemical precipitation  Solidification Chemical precipitation  1S Cement or cement/silicate processes  2S Pozzolanic processes 11VT Sodium hydroxide  3S Asphaltic processes 12VT Sodia ash  4S Thermoplastic techniques 13WT Sulfide  5S Organic polymer techniques 13WT Sulfide  5S Organic polymer techniques 14WT Other chemical precipitation  6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)  7S Other solidification Chromium reduction  15WT Sodium bisulfite	1RF	Cement kiln		
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4RF Other kiln 5RF Blast furnace 6RF Sulfur recovery furnace 7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace 8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit 6WT Chlorination 7WT Ozonation 8WT UV radiation 9WT Other general oxidation  Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques 5S Organic polymer techniques 6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation) 7S Other solidification Chromium reduction 15WT Sodium bisulfite	3ŘF	Asphalt kiln	Egua	lization
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7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace  8RF Coke oven  9RF Other industrial furnace  10RF Industrial boiler  11RF Utility boiler  12RF Process heater  13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Fuel Blending  1FB Fuel blending  Solidification  Solidification  1S Cement or cement/silicate processes  2S Pozzolanic processes  4S Thermoplastic techniques  5S Organic polymer techniques  6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)  7S Other solidification  Chromium reduction				•
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining furnace  8RF Coke oven  9RF Other industrial furnace  10RF Industrial boiler  11RF Utility boiler  12RF Process heater  13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Fuel Blending  1FB Fuel blending  Solidification  Solidification  1S Cement or cement/silicate processes  2S Pozzolanic processes  4S Thermoplastic techniques  5S Organic polymer techniques  6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)  7S Other solidification  Chromium reduction	6RF	Sulfur recovery furnace	Cyan	ide oxidation
8RF Coke oven 9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit 9RF Fuel Blending 15RF Coke oven 15RF Fuel blending 15RF Coke oven 16RF Utility boiler 17RF Utility boiler 18RF Other reuse as fuel unit 18RF Coke oven 18RF Other reuse as fuel unit 18RF Coke oven 18RF Other cyanide oxidation 18RF Cokenation 18RF Coke oven 18RF Cokenation (including disinfection) 19RF Cokenation (including disinfection) 19RF Cokenation (including disin	7RF	Smelting, melting, or refining		
9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler 11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Fuel Blending 15B Fuel blending  Solidification 15 Cement or cement/silicate processes 25 Pozzolanic processes 36 Asphaltic processes 37 Asphaltic processes 38 Asphaltic processes 48 Thermoplastic techniques 49 Organic polymer techniques 50 Organic polymer techniques 50 Other solidification 50 Other solidification 60 Chemical precipitation 61 OWT Lime 62 DWT Sodium hydroxide 63 Asphaltic processes 64 DWT Sodium hydroxide 65 Organic polymer techniques 66 Organic polymer techniques 67 Other solidification 68 Other solidification 69 Other solidification 60 Chromium reduction 60 Chromium reduction 61 DWT Sodium bisulfite				
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13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending  Fuel blending  Solidification  Solidification  Solidification  Chemical precipitation  1S Cement or cement/silicate processes  Pozzolanic processes  Asphaltic processes  Asphaltic processes  Thermoplastic techniques  Solidification  Solidification  Chemical precipitation  1WT Sodium hydroxide  12WT Soda ash  13WT Sulfide  Solidide  Solidide  Solidide  Solidide  Solidide  Thermoplastic techniques  Solidide  Solidide  Solidide  Chromium reduction  Tother solidification  Chromium reduction  Solidide  Solidide  Chromium reduction  Solidide  Solidid				
Puel Blending  Fuel blending  Solidification  Solidification  Chemical precipitation  Solium hydroxide  Chromium reduction  Solium hydroxide			disi	nfection)
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Fuel blending  Solidification  Chemical precipitation  Solidinication  Chemical precipitation  10WT Lime  10WT Lime  10WT Sodium hydroxide		m1 11		
Solidification  Chemical precipitation  Chemical precipitation  10WT Lime  10WT Lime  11WT Sodium hydroxide  11WT Soda ash  11WT Soda ash  11WT Sodium hydroxide				
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tomi 2011fil gloxide				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			TOMI	Sarrar aroxide

#### MANAGEMENT METHODS

17WT Ferrous sulfate 18WT Other chromium reduction

Complexed metals treatment (other than chemical precipitation by pH adjustment)
19WT Complexed metals treatment

Emulsion breaking 20WT Thermal 21WT Chemical 22WT Other emulsion breaking

Adsorption
23WT Carbon adsorption
24WT Ion exchange
25WT Resin adsorption
26WT Other adsorption

Stripping 27WT Air stripping 28WT Steam stripping 29WT Other stripping

Evaporation
30WT Thermal
31WT Solar
32WT Vapor recompression
33WT Other evaporation

Filtration
34WT Diatomaceous earth
35WT Sand
36WT Multimedia
37WT Other filtration

Sludge dewatering
38WT Gravity thickening
39WT Vacuum filtration
40WT Pressure filtration (belt, plate
and frame, or leaf)
41WT Centrifuge

42WT Other sludge dewatering
Air flotation

43WT Dissolved air flotation 44WT Partial aeration 45WT Air dispersion 46WT Other air flotation

0il skimming 47WT Gravity separation 48WT Coalescing plate separation 49WT Other oil skimming

Other liquid phase separation 50WT Decanting 51WT Other liquid phase separation

Biological treatment
52WT Activated sludge
53WT Fixed film-trickling filter
54WT Fixed film-rotating contactor
55WT Lagoon or basin, aerated
56WT Lagoon, facultative
57WT Anaerobic
58WT Other biological treatment

Other wastewater treatment
59WT Wet air oxidation
60WT Neutralization
61WT Nitrification
62WT Denitrification
63WT Flocculation and/or coagulation
64WT Settling (clarification)
65WT Reverse osmosis
66WT Other wastewater treatment

#### OTHER VASTE TREATMENT

1TR Other treatment 2TR Other recovery for reuse

#### ACCUMULATION

1A Containers 2A Tanks

#### STORAGE

1ST Container (i.e., barrel, drum)
2ST Tank
3ST Waste pile
4ST Surface impoundment
5ST Other storage

#### DISPOSAL

1D Landfill

2D Land treatment

3D Surface impoundment (to be closed as a landfill)

4D Underground injection well

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Chemical precipitation is a treatment operation whereby the pH of a waste is adjusted to the range necessary for removal (precipitation) of contaminants. However, if the pH is adjusted solely to achieve a neutral pH, THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONSIDERED NEUTRALIZATION (60WT).

[_]		Combustion Chamber Temperature (°C)		Location of Temperature Monitor		In Con	Residence Time In Combustion Chamber (seconds)	
	Incinerator	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary	
	1							
	2		-					
	3	-						
	by circl	ing the app	of Solid Wast ropriate resp	onse.				
	No	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	2	
		Ü	ram(s).	NA		<b></b>		
<u>CBI</u> [ <u> </u> ]	Incinerator	Ü	Air Po	N/A llution Device		Types Emission: Availa	s Data	
	_	ŭ	Air Po			Emission	s Data	
	1	Ü	Air Po			Emission	s Data	
	1 2 3 Indicate	if Office o	Air Po	Device <sup>1</sup>	been submitt	Emission: Availa	s Data able	
	1 2 3 Indicate by circl:	if Office o ing the appr	Air Po Control	Device <sup>1</sup> e survey has		Emissions Availa	s Data able of response	
	1 2 3 Indicate by circl: Yes	if Office o	Air Po Control	e survey has		Emissions Availa	of response	
	1 2 3 Indicate by circl: Yes	if Office o	Air Po Control	Device <sup>1</sup> e survey has onse.		Emissions Availa	of response	

SECTION	۵	UADVED	EXPOSURE
STALL LITTE	7	W U/R R P.R	P.APUSURE.

General Instructions:
-----------------------

Questions 9.03-9.25 apply only to those processes and workers involved in manufacturing or processing the listed substance. Do not include workers involved in residual waste treatment unless they are involved in this treatment process on a regular basis (i.e., exclude maintenance workers, construction workers, etc.).

[\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

# PART A EMPLOYMENT AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PROFILE

9.01 Mark (X) the appropriate column to indicate whether your company maintains records on the following data elements for hourly and salaried workers. Specify for each data element the year in which you began maintaining records and the number of years the records for that data element are maintained. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.)

Data Element	Data are Ma Hourly Workers	intained for Salaried Workers	Year in Which Data Collection Began	Number of Years Records Are Maintained
Date of hire	x	x	1938	Indefinately
Age at hire	x	x	1938	Indefinately
Work history of individual before employment at your facility			,	
Sex	X	X	1938	<u>Indefinately</u>
	X	x	1972	<u>Indefinately</u>
Race	<del></del>	x	1965	Indefinately
Job titles	X	x	1938	Indefinately
Start date for each job title	x	X	1938	Indefinately
End date for each job title	X	x	1938	Indefinately
Work area industrial hygiene monitoring data	X	X	1978	Indefinately
Personal employee monitoring data	X	X	1978	Indefinately
Employee medical history	X	X	1938	Indefinately
Employee smoking history	X	x	1965	Indefinately
Accident history	X	Х	1938	Indefinately
Retirement date	x	Х	1938	Indefinately
Termination date	x	x	1938	Indefinately
Vital status of retirees	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cause of death data	X	<u> </u>	1938	Indefinately

[_]	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	a	continuation	sheet.
-----	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	--------

.]	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.
Activit	activity	Process Category	Yearly Quantity (kg)	Total Workers	Total Worker-Hour
	lanufacture of the	Enclosed	NA	NA	NA
1	isted substance	Controlled Release	NA	NA	NA
		0pen	NA	MA	NA
	n-site use as	Enclosed	11,150	22	600
r	eactant	Controlled Release	NA	NA	NA
		0pen	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA
	n-site use as	Enclosed	NA	NA	NA
nonreactant	onreactant	Controlled Release	NA	NA	NA
		0pen	<u> </u>	NA	NA
	On-site preparation	Enclosed	NA	NA_	NA
0	f products	Controlled Release	MA	NA	NA
		0pen	NA	_NA_	NA

Provide a descriptive encompasses workers w listed substance.	e job title for each labor category at your facility that who may potentially come in contact with or be exposed to the
Labor Category	Descriptive Job Title
A	Technical Supervisor
В	Chamical Process Technician
С	Senior Chemical Processor
D	Chemical Processor
E	Material Handler
F	Analytical Chemist
G	Laboratory Technician
Н	
I	
J	
	ou attach a continuation sheet.

In accordance with the instructions, provide your process block flow diagram(s) and . indicate associated work areas. CBI Process type .. Schubber WORK REACTOR D-500

9.05 CBI	additional areas not	work area(s) shown in question 9.04 that encompass workers who in contact with or be exposed to the listed substance. Add any shown in the process block flow diagram in question 7.01 or question and complete it separately for each process type.
[_]	Process type	Batch Reaction Polymerization
	Work Area ID	Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities
	1	Reactor Area - Charaina substance to reactor
	2	Reactor Area - Discharging product with residual subst
	3	Reactor Area - Discharging product with residual substitutes or product
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
	10	
	ark (X) this box if you	attach a continuation sheet.

Process type Batch Reaction Polymerization							
Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Reactiv au	ea		
Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., direc skin contact	t Listed ,	Average Length of Exposure Per Day <sup>2</sup>	Number of Days per Year Expose		
_A_	4	inhalation		A	_/0		
B.C.D	1/8	inhalation	OL	A			
E	3	inhaluhan	OL	A	_10		
				The state of the s			
<del></del>							
			<del> </del>				
				·			
	<del></del>				-		
the point  GC = Gas temp GU = Gas temp incl SO = Solid	of exposure: (condensible at erature and pre (uncondensible erature and pre udes fumes, vap d	ambient ssure) at ambient ssure; ors, etc.)	SY = Sludge or single of SY = Aqueous liqued of SY = Organic liqued of Synchronic Synchr	lurry uid uid liquid ases, e.g., l0% toluene)	bstance a		
	utes or less r than 15 minut ing 1 hour	es, but not	<pre>D = Greater than 2 hours, but not     exceeding 4 hours E = Greater than 4 hours, but not     exceeding 8 hours F = Greater than 8 hours</pre>				

CBI	area.		
<u>_</u> ]	Process type	Batch Reaction P.	lymerization
	Work area		Reactor Area
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m <sup>3</sup> , other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Lev (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify
	A	None	3 0.006 - 0.035 gpm
	B, C, D	. (	\
	<u> </u>	none needed	nme needed
	<del></del>		
			***************************************

Sample/Test	Work Area ID	Testing Frequency (per year)	Number of Samples (per test)	Who Samples <sup>1</sup>	Analyzed In-House (Y/N)	Number of Years Recor Maintained
Personal breathing zone	1,2	4		<u>A</u>	<i>N</i>	Permanen
General work area (air)	1,2	4		<u>A</u>	_~	Permanen
Wipe samples	NA					anganas sa 1800 da kalamina na sa
Adhesive patches	NA			Allendry (Silvelia) biocoporopiose es interes de partir estado de presentado en la compansa de compansa de comp	errory (Pyrophigano) (T) ( EL) and medial reliability ( Paris and All States and	Million of Million St. 756-4. (Sh. Nije Married or a tolar a
Blood samples	NA_					index propriested and the second seco
Urine samples	NA			AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSO	45-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-	
Respiratory samples	NA					
Allergy tests	NA					
Other (specify)	•					
	NA					<del>&gt;</del>
Other (specify)						
Other (specify)						
<sup>1</sup> Use the following c	odes to de	esignate who	takes the	monitoring	g samples:	
A = Plant industria B = Insurance carri		st				

<u> </u>	analytical methodologous Sample Type		•	ical Methodolo	αv					
,	Personal	_	Sampling and Analytical Methodology  Diager to ber							
	Permal	•		D . C O . 4	11.4.1					
	General Work Area Dräger Tubes									
	General work Area	NIOSH	Anal. Method A	Jo. P+CA	M 141					
			**							
9.10	If you conduct person specify the following	nal and/or ambient	air monitoring for	the listed su	ıbstance,					
CBI	specify the rollowing	, information for	each equipment type	useu.						
[_]	Equipment Type <sup>1</sup>	Detection Limit <sup>2</sup>	Manufacturer	Averaging Time (hr)	Model Number					
	R	0.002 ppm	Dräger	1/A-						
	I	•	Gillain (Hi-Flan Samp	4 1 Carinimum	1					
	B	0.002 ppm	Driger	NA	')					
	T	20.001 Ppm	Gillain (Hi-Fluw Samp							
	<b>Ł</b>		GHAIN (HI-FILW SAMP	2) I (MINIMUM)						
				-						
	<sup>1</sup> Use the following co	des to designate p	personal air monito	ring equipment	types:					
	A = Passive dosimete:				• •					
	<pre>B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtrat:</pre>	ion tube with pump	<b>,</b>							
	D = Other (specify)									
	Use the following cook E = Stationary monitor			ing equipment	types:					
	F = Stationary monito	ors located within	facility							
,	G = Stationary monitoring H = Mobile monitoring	g equipment (speci	fy)							
(	I = Other (specify) 2 Use the following cod	glass midge	t impinger		<del></del>					
6	A= ppm	ies to designate d	etection limit unit	.S:						
	<pre>B = Fibers/cubic cent C = Micrograms/cubic</pre>	imeter (f/cc)								
	o = mrcrograms/cubic	meter (µ/m )								
[_] !	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a conti	nuation sheet.							

]	Test Description				-	Frequency (weekly, monthly, yearly, etc.		
	Blood	and Uran	e Tost	7 (Genera	1) .	}	early	
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
							*	

Pescribe the engineering con to the listed substance. Ph process type and work area.	trols that you otocopy this o	use to reduce of use to reduce of the second	or eliminate wor olete it separat	ker exposi ely for ea
Process type	Batch	reaction P	olymen sation	
Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	Process a	area
Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgrade
Ventilation:				
Local exhaust	Y	1978	<u> </u>	1987
General dilution	<u> </u>	1978	<i>N</i>	NA
Other (specify)				
N/A				
Vessel emission controls	<u> </u>	1978	N	NA
Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA	NA
Other (specify)			,	7
N/A		****		
,				

Process type Batch Reaction P.  Work area					ymenization Dances Appa	
					Reduction	n in Wor
Ec	uipment or Process	Modificati	on		Exposure	Per Year
	None					
-						

PART	D PERSONAL PROTECTIVE	AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT		
9.14 CBI	in each work area in o	order to reduce or elimina	quipment that your workers wear or mate their exposure to the listed ete it separately for each process	
[-]	Process type	Bath Rea	action Polymerization	
			Parts - Am	
			"CEACTOR TITLE	1_
	Ro Sa Fa Co Bi Ch	quipment Types espirators * afety goggles/glasses ace shields overalls ib aprons nemical-resistant gloves ther (specify)	Wear or Use (Y/N)  Y  N  N  V  Y	
		NA		
		*		
	ı	product, operators	substance or drumming wear either self-contains (scba) on use breathing re) on respirators.	L

Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.15							
<u>CBI</u>							
[_]	Process	type	Batch	n Reac	tim p	Polymerizati	64
	<u>Area</u> /	MSA Full Face A			Tested	Type of Fit Test <sup>2</sup>	
	A = Dai B = Wee C = Mon D = Onc E = Oth	ly kly thly e a year er (specify) following codes alitative				:	
•							
]	Mark (X)	this box if you a	ttach a cont	inuation sh	neet.		

9.19 <u>CBI</u>	Describe all of the work practices and administrative controls used to reduce or eliminate worker exposure to the listed substance (e.g., restrict entrance only to authorized workers, mark areas with warning signs, insure worker detection and monitoring practices, provide worker training programs, etc.). Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.								
[_]	Process type	Batch Re	eaction P	olymerization	h				
	Work area	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	Reacta	ian Area				
	Restrict of Worker to	entrance to	authoriza	ed worke	o <sub>n-</sub>				
	Worker t	Paining on.	substance à	and pari	nal potestico				
	Lgup	ment.		*	•				
0 00	Indicate (X) how often you perform each housekeeping task used to clean up routine leaks or spills of the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.  Process type Bath Reachin Colymevization								
9.20	separately for each proces	sted substance. ss type and work	Photocopy thi	is question a	nd complete it				
9.20	separately for each proces	sted substance. ss type and work  Bath A	Photocopy this area.	is question a	nd complete it				
9.20	separately for each proces  Process type	sted substance. ss type and work  Bath A	Photocopy this area.	olymevization	nd complete it				
9.20	separately for each proces  Process type	sted substance. ss type and work  Bath A	Photocopy this area.	olymevization	nd complete it				
9.20	Process type  Work area	sted substance.  ss type and work  Bath A	Photocopy this area.  Peachin (	els question and solve of the viral of the v	nd complete it				
9.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks	sted substance.  ss type and work  Bath A	Photocopy this area.  Peachin (	els question and solve of the viral of the v	nd complete it				
9.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping	sted substance.  ss type and work  Bath A	Photocopy this area.  Peachin (	els question and solve of the viral of the v	nd complete it				
9.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  Peachin (	els question and solve of the viral of the v	nd complete it				
9.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  Peachin (	els question and solve of the viral of the v	nd complete it				
9.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors  Other (specify)	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  Peachin (	els question and solve of the viral of the v	nd complete it				
9.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors  Other (specify)	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  Peachin (	els question and solve of the viral of the v	nd complete it				
9.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors  Other (specify)	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy this area.  Peachin (	els question and solve of the viral of the v	nd complete it				

	Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance?
	Routine exposure
	Yes 1
	No 2
	Emergency exposure
	Yes 1
	No 2
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
	Routine exposure:
	Emergency exposure:
9.22	Do you have a written leak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
	No 2
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained? In Safety office and in Batch Show
	Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
	No 2
×	Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
	Plant safety specialist 1
	Insurance carrier 2
	OSHA consultant 3
	Other (specify) 4
<u></u> ]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

#### SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

#### General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RO.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

PART	A GENERAL INFORMATION
10.01	Where is your facility located? Circle all appropriate responses.
<u>CBI</u>	
[_]	Industrial area
	Urban area 2
	Residential area
	Agricultural area 4
	Rural area5
	Adjacent to a park or a recreational area 6
	Within 1 mile of a navigable waterway
	Within 1 mile of a school, university, hospital, or nursing home facility 8
	Within 1 mile of a non-navigable waterway 9
	Other (specify)10
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

10.02	2 Specify the exact location of your facility (from central point where process us is located) in terms of latitude and longitude or Universal Transverse Mercader (UTM) coordinates.								
	Latitude	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 41 .	46, 33					
	Longitude	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7/_。_	26 , 31					
	UTM coordinates	e, Nor	thing,	Easting					
1000	If you monitor meteorological conthe following information.	ditions in the vici	nity of your fa	cility, provide					
	Average annual precipitation	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		inches/yea					
	Predominant wind direction								
1) 4	Indicate the depth to groundwater	below your facilit	v.						
	Depth to groundwater			<b></b>					
				meters					
10.05 CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment, N, and NA.)	indicate (Y/N/NA)	all routine rele	eases of the a definition of					
[_]	On-Site Activity	Env Air	vironmental Rele Water	ase Land					
	Manufacturing		NA						
	Importing		NA						
	Processing	Y	N	N					
	Otherwise used	NA	NA	NA					
	Product or residual storage	N	$\mathcal{N}$	N					
	Disposal	NA	NA	NA					
	Transport		N	N					
	only (V) Abia I are								
— 1 n	ark (X) this box if you attach a co	ontinuation sheet.							

10.08 CBI	process block or residu	echnologies used to minimize release of the list m containing the listed substance as identified ual treatment block flow diagram(s). Photocopy tely for each process type.	in vour
[_]	Process type	Batch Reaction Polymenizat	ъп
	Stream ID Code	Caushic HzO Packas Towar Scrubbar	ent Efficiency

10.09	Point Source Emi	sions Identify each emission point source containing the list s of a Stream ID Code as identified in your process block or	ted
<u>CBI</u>	residual treatme	t block flow diagram(s), and provide a description of each point	t
[_]	source. Do not	nclude raw material and product storage vents, or fugitive emiss uipment leaks). Photocopy this question and complete it separat	si on
·—,	for each process	type.	гету
	Process type	Batch Reaction Polymerization	
	Point Source	·	
	ID Code	Description of Emission Point Source	
-	7 <u>E</u>	Emission to air from scrubbar	
-	····		
=			
-			
-			<del></del>
-			
_			

Mark

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**box** 

f you a

 $<sup>^4</sup>$ Average Emission Factor — Provide estimated ( $\pm$  25 percent) emission factor (kg of emission per kg of production of listed substance)

]	Point Source ID Code	Stack Height(m)	Stack Inner Diameter (at outlet) (m)	Exhaust Temperature (°C)	(m/sec)	Building Height(m)	Building Width(m) <sup>2</sup>	Ver Typ		
	<u> 1E</u>	43.9	0.152	Ambient	7.62	37.2	22.9			
			-	-						
		Height of attached or adjacent building								
			r adjacent b							
			odes to desi	gnate vent t	ype:					
	H = Horiz V = Verti									

10.12 CBI	If the listed substance is emitted in particulate form, indicate the particle si distribution for each Point Source ID Code identified in question 10.09. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each emission point source.					
[_]	Point source ID code	N/A				
	Size Range (microns)	Mass Fraction (% $\pm$ % precision)				
	< 1					
	≥ 1 to < 10					
	≥ 10 to < 30					
	≥ 30 to < 50					
	≥ 50 to < 100					
	≥ 100 to < 500					
	≥ 500					
		Total = 100%				

10.13	types listed which are exp according to the specified the component. Do this fo residual treatment block f not exposed to the listed process, give an overall p exposed to the listed subs	osed to the weight percent each procest low diagram(substance. Substance of	listed suent of the ss type is). Do not this interest of the per stime per series.	bstance a le listed dentified lot includ s a batch	and which substance in your e equipme or inter	are in see passing process bent types mittently	through plock or that are operated	
CBI	for each process type.						•	
(J	Process type	Batch	Read	ran p	olymer: 3	ation		
	Percentage of time per year that the listed substance is exposed to this process type  Number of Components in Service by Weight Percent of Listed Substance in Process Stream							
	Equipment Type	Less than 5%	5-10%	11-25%	26-75%	76 00%	Greater	
	Pump seals <sup>1</sup>	<u> </u>	3-10%	11-23%	20-73%	76-99%	than 99%	
	Packed	N	0	0	0	Λ	/1	
	Mechanical	0					0	
	Double mechanical <sup>2</sup>	0			<del></del>	<del>-  </del>		
	Compressor seals <sup>1</sup>	0			<del></del>		0	
	Flanges							
	Valves							
	Gas <sup>3</sup>	$\wedge$				{	<b>A</b>	
	Liquid	1						
	Pressure relief devices <sup>4</sup> (Gas or vapor only)		+					
\$	Sample connections		1					
	Gas	_ 0					0	
	Liquid	0					0	
+	Open-ended lines <sup>5</sup> (e.g., purge, vent)							
	Gas						0	
	Liquid	0	$\sqrt{}$	V	V	V		

10.13 continued on next page

[\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

10.13	(continued)			
·	<sup>2</sup> If double mechanical sea greater than the pump st will detect failure of t with a "B" and/or an "S"	he seal system, the	and/or equinned wi	th a concor (C) that
	<sup>3</sup> Conditions existing in t	he valve during norm	al operation	
	<sup>4</sup> Report all pressure relic control devices			equipped with
	<sup>5</sup> Lines closed during norma operations	al operation that wou	ıld be used during	maintenance
	Pressure Relief Devices wi pressure relief devices in devices in service are con enter "None" under column	dentified in 10.13 to atrolled. If a press	indicate which m	rodduro roliof
	a. Number of	b. Percent Chemical	c.	d. Estimated
	Pressure Relief Devices	in Vessel	Control Device	Control Efficiency
		<u> </u>	Rupture disc	100
		>99%	Rupture disc Rupture disc	100
,				
	Refer to the table in quest heading entitled "Number of Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-10	. components in Servi	the percent range ce by Weight Perce	e given under the ent of Listed
ě	The EPA assigns a control e with rupture discs under no efficiency of 98 percent fo conditions	illiai operating condi	TIONE THO EUA OC	cione e membral
] Ma	ark (X) this box if you att	ach a continuation sl	heet.	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

_ _,	N/A				
1	Process type	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	Equipment Type	Leak Detection Concentration (ppm or mg/m³) Measured at Inches from Source	Detection Device		
	Pump seals				
	Packed				
	Mechanical				
	Double mechanical			 	
	Compressor seals				
	Flanges	****			
	Valves				
	Gas				
	Liquid				
	Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only)				
	Sample connections				
	Gas				
	Liquid				
(	Open-ended lines				<del></del>
	Gas				
	Liquid				
	Use the following compound of the second sec	nic vapor analyzer			

[_]									Operat-	-				
[	Type <sup>1</sup>	Roof Seals <sup>2</sup>		Throughput (liters per year)	Filling Rate	Vessel Filling Duration (min)	Vessel Inner Diameter (m)	Vessel Height (m)	Volume	Vessel Emission Controls	Flow	Vent Diameter (cm)	Control Efficiency (%)	Basi for Estima
	<u>N/H</u> ——	<u>- Dru</u>	ms only							***				
				and the second s	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-		-	-	
					-									
													-	
<b></b>	F CIF NCIF EFR P H U	= Fixed ro = Contact = Nonconta = External = Pressuro = Horizon = Undergro	internal floact internal l floating ro e vessel (ind tal	pating roof floating roo pof licate pressu	f re ratin	g)	MS1 MS2 MS21 LM1 LM2 LMW VM1 VM2 VMW	= Mecl = Shoo R = Rim = Liqu = Rim = Wea = Vapo = Rim = Wea	hanical e-mounted uid-mounted ther shi or mounted ther shi e-mounted ther shi	shoe, princed secondard, secondard resild ted resilid secondard secondardield	mary ry ient fil ent fill	lled seal, led seal,	primary	 s:
	F CIF NCIF EFR P H U	= Fixed re = Contact = Nonconta = External = Pressure = Horizon = Undergre ate weight	oof internal floact internal l floating ro e vessel (indital	nating roof floating roo nof licate pressu	f are rating	g) . Include	MS1 MS2 MS21 LM1 LM2 LMW VM1 VM2 VMW	= Mecl = Shoo R = Rim = Liqu = Rim = Wea = Vap = Rim = Wea	hanical e-mounted uid-mounted ther shi or mounted ther shi ile orga	shoe, princed secondarited resild ted resilid secondarited secondarited secondarited secondarited secondarited secondarited	mary ry ient fil ent fil y nt in p	lled seal, led seal,	primary primary	 s:

PART	E	NON_	PULLINE	DELLYCEC

10.23	Indicate the date and time when the release occurred and when the release ceased or
	was stopped. If there were more than six releases, attach a continuation sheet and
	list all releases.

Release	Date Started	Time (am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time (am/pm)
1	None	-		-
2				
3	-			-
4				
5				
6				

10.24	Specify	the	weathe
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er conditions at the time of each release.

Release	Wind Speed (km/hr)	Wind Direction	Humidity (%)	Temperature (°C)	Precipitation (Y/N)
1				<del></del>	
2			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3			-		
6					
<del></del> _					

 $[\ \ ]$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

#### APPENDIX I: List of Continuation Sheets

Attach continuation sheets for sections of this form and optional information after this page. In column 1, clearly identify the continuation sheet by listing the question number to which it relates. In column 2, enter the inclusive page numbers of the continuation sheet for each question number.

	Question Number			Sheet Page Numbe (2)
4.02	(MSDS)		-	C-1 to C
9, 14			_	C-7
9,20			_	c-8
9.06			_	C-9
9,07		1	_	C-10
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Page C-1

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## POLAROID CORPORATION OFFICE OF HEALTH, SAFETY, & ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS 1265 MAIN STREET — WALTHAM, MA 02254 (617) 684-3646

This data sheet is a compilation of available and relevant information, developed for internal use, from literature, vendor, and company sources and is subject to change.

Data Ohast Na	0 507		
Data Sheet No			
Compiled By	E. Karger	Issue Date _	January 13, 1988
	SECTI	ON I - IDENTIFI	CATION
Chemical Name - 2,4-0	diisocyanato-l-me	thyl-benzene	
Polaroid Common Name -	- 2,4 Toluene di	isocyanate (TDI	)
Chemical Family - Iso	ocyanate		1
Formula - C9H6N2O2			
CAS No 00584-84-9			Molecular Weight - 174.1
	SECT	[ON II - INGRED]	IENTS
MATERIAL		%	COMMENTS
	not ap <sub>l</sub>	olicable	
	SECTION III -	- PHYSICAL DATA	
Appearance and Odor:	Clear water whit pungent odor	e to pale yello	ow liquid, with sharp
Warning Properties:	Odor threshold -	0.17 ppm	
Melting Point: 20°C	(71°F)		
Boiling Point @ 760 mm	Hg: 251°C (4	84°F)	
Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O=	1): 1.22		
Solubility in Water 🛭 2	20°C: Reacts		
Vapor Density (air=1):	6		
K Volatiles by volume:	Nil		

0.04

Vapor Pressure mm Hg @ 20°C:

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## SECTION IV - FIRE, REACTIVITY & EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Tag Closed Cup): 132°C (270°F)

Flammable Limits (Volume % in air) LEL: 0.98% UEL: 9.5%

Recommended Fire Extinguishing Media

Dry Chemical/Carbon Dioxide/Halon

Special/Unusual Fire Fighting Procedures

Do NOT use water.

## Hazardous Reactivity

Avoid temperatures above 93°C (200°F).

Compound may polymerize.

This compound reacts with water to form carbon dioxide gas which can cause

sealed containers to expand and possbly rupture.

Compound on decomposition may produce oxides of nitrogen, contains approximately 16% nitrogen and traces of hydrogen cyanide (OSHA PEL: 10 ppm). Compound is incompatible with alcohols, acids, strong bases, metal compounds or surface active materials.

## SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Polaroid Exposure Guideline:

0.005 ppm

STEG:

0.02 ppm

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit: 0.02 ppm ceil

ACGIH TLV:

0.005 ppm

STEL:

0.02 ppm

#### Routes of Exposure and Effects

INHALATION

highly acutely toxic

SKIN CONTACT

severe skin irritant; sensitizer

SKIN ABSORPTION highly acutely toxic

EYE CONTACT

severe eye irritant

INGESTION

not rated acutely toxic\*

Effects of Acute Overexposure:

In sensitive individual, produces asthma-like

response

<sup>\*</sup>Reacts with water to yield less toxic product.

Effects of Chronic Overexposure:

Age related loss of respiratory function is accelerated.

In recent NTP toxicity studies, toluene diisocyanate (TDI), when given orally by stomach tube as a concentrated mixture in corn oil, produced tumors in male and female rats and female mice but not male mice. A lifetime inhalation study of TDI in male and female rats and mice produced no tumors.

Based on the oral study cited above, NTP has included TDI in its 1986 carcinogen list. NTP has not considered the inhalation study as evidence that it is not a carcinogen. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has concluded that "there is inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity of toluene disocyanate to humans, but sufficient evidence for its carcinogenicity to experimental animals".

It is the opinion of Polaroid's toxicologist that the negative results from the lifetime inhalation studies are more appropriate to actual human exposure conditions than the positive results from the oral studies.

## Emergency and First Aid Procedures

EYES In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least fifteen minutes; seek Medical attention.

SKIN In case of skin contact, immediately flush affected area with

plenty of water for at least fifteen minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes; seek Medical attention.

INHALATION If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration, preferably with mechanical respiration or one-way

valve face mask. Seek Medical attention immediately.

INGESTION If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Give large quantities of

water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek Medical attention immediately.

### Notes to Physician

Severe asthma-like respiratory symptoms can develop. Has been reported to possess anti-cholinisterase activity.

Bronchial hyper-reaction (bronchorhea is possible). Treat symptomatically.

#### Recommended Ventilation

Local exhaust ventilation at generation points for vapors.

#### Personal Protective Equipment

RESPIRATORY A type C supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece operated in

continuous flow mode or other positive pressure mode or with a full

facepiece, hood, or helmet operated in continuous flow mode.

Self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in

pressure demand or other positive pressure mode

EYE When full facepiece respiratory protection is not required, minimum of

chemical workers goggles.

SKIN Minimum of impervious gloves and impervious garment; full liquid

impervious chemical workers suit where risk of exposure is high.

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#### SECTION VI - SPILL OR DISPOSAL

## Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Do not flush contaminated area with water.

Keep open flames and other sources of high heat away.

Before picking up spill, wear the personal protective equipment specified in Section V.

After adding inert absorbing material, sweep and shovel spill into an empty plastic-lined container.

Secure cover on waste container and identify for chemical waste disposal via appropriate corporate procedure.

Do not mix picked-up spills of different chemicals together.

Flush contaminated area with water ONLY AFTER spill has been picked-up; use sufficient water.

EPA Waste Class: Harzardous, toxic, reactive

RCRA NO.: U 223 - if disposed of

prior to use

YELLOW

D 003 - if disposed of

after use

SI #709 Lab. Waste Class: Water reactive

#### SECTION VII - LABELING, TRANSPORTATION & STORAGE

#### Label No.

#### DANGER

May Be Fatal If Inhaled or Absorbed Through Skin CANCER SUSPECT AGENT

Causes Severe Eye and Skin Irritation
May Cause Allergic Respiratory and Skin Reaction
Reacts Violently with Water
Flash Point 132°C (270°F)

#### PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

Do not breathe vapor.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing.

Drums must not be washed out or used for other purposes.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Keep container tightly closed.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

First Aid: See Section V Spill Control: See Section VI

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## Department of Transportation Requirements

Hazard Class: Poison B

Hazard Label(s): Poison

Proper Shipping Name: Toluene diisocyanate

Identification No.: UN 2078

Polaroid Chemical & Hazardous Material

Transportation Registry No(s).:

## Storage Requirements

Storage temperature: Minimum 4°C (40°F); maximum 32°C (90°F).

Average shelf life is 12 months.

When stored in bulk material must be protected from moisture by supplying a dry,

inert atmosphere such as nitrogen.

0 - 587

Label No.

#### DANGER

May Be Fatal If Inhaled or Absorbed Through Skin CANCER SUSPECT AGENT Causes Severe Eye and Skin Irritation May Cause Allergic Respiratory and Skin Reaction Reacts Violently with Water

Flash Point 132°C (270°F)

#### PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

Do not breathe vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Drums must not be washed out or used for other purposes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed. Wash thoroughly after handling.



In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least fifteen minutes; seek Medical attention.

In case of skin contact, immediately flush affected area with plenty of water for at least fifteen minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes; seek Medical attention.

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably with mechanical respiration or one-way valve face mask. Seek Medical attention immediately.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Give large quantities of water. give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek Medical attention immediately.

Spill Control:

Do not flush contaminated area with water.

Keep open flames and other sources of high heat away.

Before picking up spill, wear the personal protective equipment specified in your area for this material.

After adding inert absorbing material, sweep and shovel spill into an empty plastic-lined container.

Secure cover on waste container and identify for chemical waste disposal via appropriate corporate procedure.

Do not mix picked-up spills of different chemicals together.

Flush contaminated area with water ONLY AFTER spill has been picked-up; use sufficient water.

Department of Transportation Requirements:

Hazard Class: Poison B

Proper Shipping Name: Toluene diisocyanate

Hazard Label(s): Poison Identification No.: UN 2078

9.14 CBI	in each work are substance. Phot and work area.	rsonal protective and safety equies in order to reduce or eliminat tocopy this question and complete	e their exposu it separately	re to the listed for each process type
[_]	Process type	Batch Re	action Pol	ymerization
		••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· Laboratory
		Equipment Types Respirators Safety goggles/glasses Face shields Coveralls Bib aprons Chemical-resistant gloves Other (specify) Exhaut hood	Wear or Use (Y/N)  N  N  Y  Y  Y	

# Page C-P

9.19	Describe all of the work	prostices and ad-	niniatrativo .	oontrola wood	** mad
<u>CBI</u>	Describe all of the work eliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark monitoring practices, proquestion and complete it:	to the listed so areas with warnio vide worker train	ubstance (e.g. ng signs, insu ning programs	., restrict e ure worker de , etc.). Pho	ntrance only to tection and tocopy this
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105 Continuatron Sheet

CBI	come in cont and complete	act with or be it separately	r facility that exposed to the for each proce	e listo ess typ	ed substance. pe and work a	Photocopy threa.	tentially nis question	
[_]	Process type Batch Reaction Polymerization							
	Work area			, , ,				
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposur (e.g., dire skin contac	ect	Physical State of Listed Substance <sup>1</sup>	Average Length of Exposure Per Day <sup>2</sup>	Number of Days per Year Exposed	
	F	/	inhalation		06	A		
	G		inhalation	<b>.</b>	06	A	10	
			-				-	
				<del> </del>				
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	<pre>temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure;</pre>			SY = AL = OL =	SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid			
	<pre>includes fumes, vapors, etc.) S0 = Solid</pre>				(specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)			
	<sup>2</sup> Use the following codes to designate average length of exposure per day:							
	<pre>A = 15 minutes or less B = Greater than 15 minutes, but not     exceeding 1 hour C = Greater than one hour, but not     exceeding 2 hours</pre>			<pre>D = Greater than 2 hours, but not     exceeding 4 hours E = Greater than 4 hours, but not     exceeding 8 hours F = Greater than 8 hours</pre>				
[_]	Mark (X) this	s box if you at	tach a continua	ation :	sheet.			

BI ] Process type	Process type Batch Reaction Polymerization							
	Work area Laboratory							
Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)						
F	ND	ND-0.003 ppm						
G	ND	ND -0.003 pm						
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